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monrae James Oakhill Od. 17. 23 ra: Oct. 23 on the lide of the monarch of become, or of the mile & in consequence, atter in favor of Despotism or of a & may it not to prosumid, that aware of that major her government, has suight on the prosent occurrence, that which it dum, the most pritable, to an normal mark the commenciment of that cares. my own imporping is that we arget to meet the pr sol of the British goot, I to make it known that would wir an interference on the part of the bass formers, and opecatly on altack on the colonies, c them, as an attache on oundry, prosuming the Many me conded with them, they would estend it to us am with however of the extent, & difficulty of question, I thou to happy to have your, Line to firm opinions on it I do not wish to trout where of you will sout objets, but the prosing is witel, involving the high interests, for what in have to long & to faithfully, & harmonions contended together. My to heard is to on close to him the Lopaches, with an intimation of the with great respect & rigard form dea motion. Gourfriend James mour

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## [Transcription Page 1]

## Oak Hill October 17th. 1823

## Dear Sir

I transmit to you two dispatches which were receiv'd [received] from Mr. Rush, while I was lately in Washing--ton, which involve interests of the highest import--ance. They contain two letters from Mr. Canning suggest--ing designs of the holy alliance against the Independence of So. [South] America, & proposing a cooperation, between G. [Great] Britain & the U [United] States, in support of it, against the members of the that alliance. The project aims in the first instance at a mere expression of opinion some what in the abstract, but which it is expected by Mr. Canning will have a great political effect, by defeating the combination. By Mr. Rush's answers, which are also enclosed, you will see the light in which he views the subject, & the extent to which he may have gone. Many important considerations are involvd [involved] in this proposition. 1st. shall we entangle ourselves at all in European politicks [politics], & wars, on the side of any power against others, presuming that a concert by agreement, of the kind proposed, may lead to that result? 2d. If a case can exist in which a sound maxim may & ought to be departed from, is not the present instance, precisely that case? 3d. Has not the epoch arriv'd [arrived] when G.[Great] Britain must take her stand, either

## [Transcription Page 2]

on the side of the monarchs of Europe, or of the U [United] States, & in consequence, either in favor of Despotism or of liberty, & may it not be presum'd [presumed] that, aware of that necessity, her government has seiz'd [seized] on the present occurrence, as that, which it deems, the most suitable, to announce & mark the commenc'ment [commencement] of that career.

My own impression is that we ought to meet the proposal of the British govt. & to make it known, that we would view an interference on the part of the European powers, and especially an attack on the Colonies, by them, as an attack on ourselves, presuming that, if they succeeded, with them, they would extend it to us. I am sensible however of the extent & difficulty of the question, & shall be happy to have yours, & Mr. Madison's opinions on it. I do not wish to trouble either of you with small objects, but the present one is vital, involving the high interests, for which we have so long & so faithfully & harmoniously contended together. Be so kind as to enclose to him the despatches [dispatches], with an intimation of the motive.

With great respect & regard I am dear sir your friend

James Monroe